Distance Learning Programme : An initiative by AEES, MUMBAI

## CLASS XI-MATHEMATICS

## <u>CHAPTER 7</u>

## PERMUTATIONS AND COMBINATIONS

## HANDOUT OF MODULE-3/3

1. Combinations are the number of selections that can be made from a group of given

objects without reference to the order of objects in that group .

2. If r objects are to be chosen out of n objects were the order of arrangements

is not important is given by the formula,

$$n_{c_r} = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$$
, $0 \le r \le n$ 

3. The relation between  $n_{p_r}$  and  $n_{c_r}$ 

is 
$$n_{p_r} = r! n_{c_r}, 0 < r \le n$$
.

4. The properties of  $n_{c_r}$ :

(i) 
$$n_{c_r} = n_{c_{n-r}}$$

(ii) 
$$n_{c_n} = n_{c_0} = 1$$

(iii) 
$$n_{c_x} = n_{c_y}$$
, implies  $x = y$  or  $x + y = n$ 

(iv) 
$$n_{c_r} + n_{c_{r-1}} = n + 1_{c_r}$$

5. The number of diagonals which can be drawn from a polygon of

n sides is  $n_{c_2} - n$ .

6. The number of parallelograms which can be formed from a set of m parallel

lines intersecting another set of a parallel lines is  $\, m_{\mathcal{C}_2} \,\,\, X \, n_{\mathcal{C}_2} \,\,$ 

7. The number of chords which can be drawn from 'n' points

on a circle is  $n_{c_2}$  .

8. Out of n points in a plane, if m points are collinear, then the number of lines

obtained by joining these points in pairs is  $m_{c_2} - n_{c_2} + 1$ .

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